

Autonomic Control Plane

A "Virtual Out Of Band Channel"

Alvaro Retana (aretana@cisco.com)

Distinguished Engineer, Cisco Services

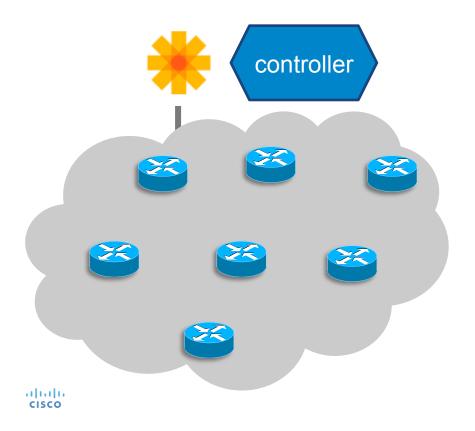
We all know:

SDN Will Save The World

Yes, but...



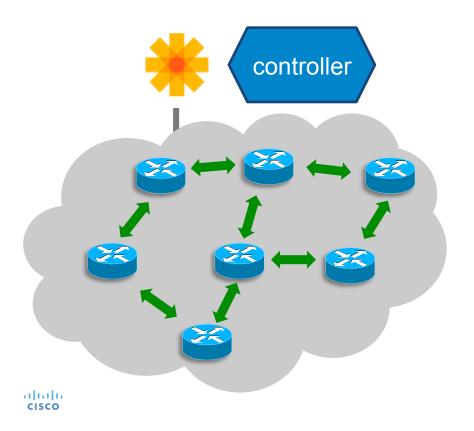




How does a Controller:

- Discover network elements?
- Enrol them securely? (without pre-staging?)

Reach them consistently?

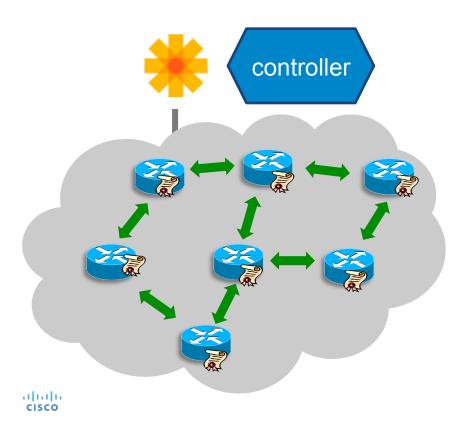


How does a Controller:

- Discover network elements?
 - Autonomic discovery
- Enrol them securely? (without pre-staging?)

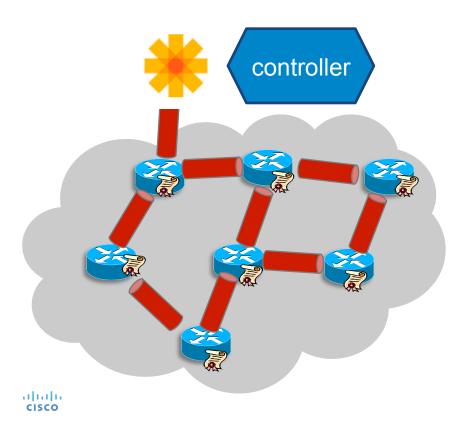
Reach them consistently?





How does a Controller:

- Discover network elements?
 - Autonomic discovery
- Enrol them securely? (without pre-staging?)
 - Secure bootstrap process
 - → Domain certificates
- Reach them consistently?



How does a Controller:

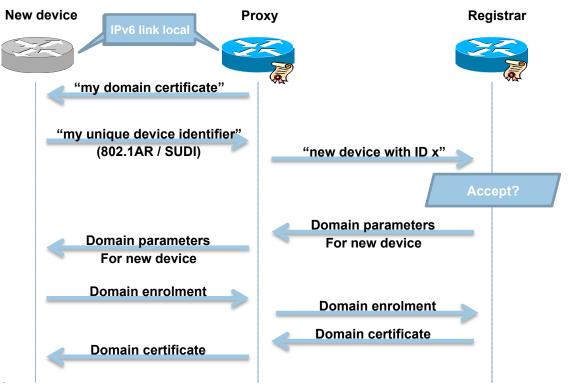
- Discover network elements?
 - Autonomic discovery
- Enrol them securely? (without pre-staging?)
 - Secure bootstrap process
 - → Domain certificates
- Reach them consistently?
 - Autonomic Control Plane
 - Independent of the data plane!

Bootstrapping Security





Secure Domain Certificate Enrolment

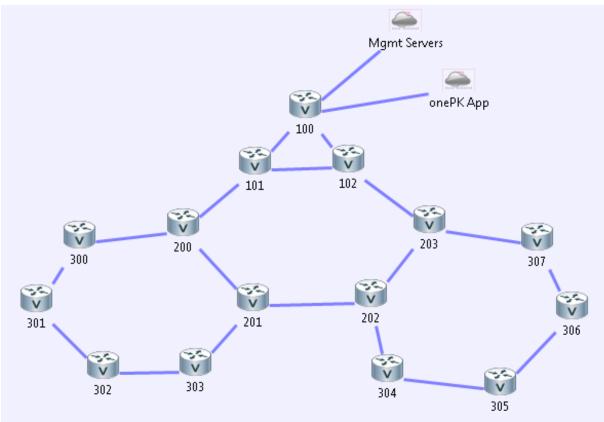


Fundamental Idea:
Using a secure vendor ID to bootstrap a domain ID

See: http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-pritikin-anima-bootstrapping-keyinfrastructures/

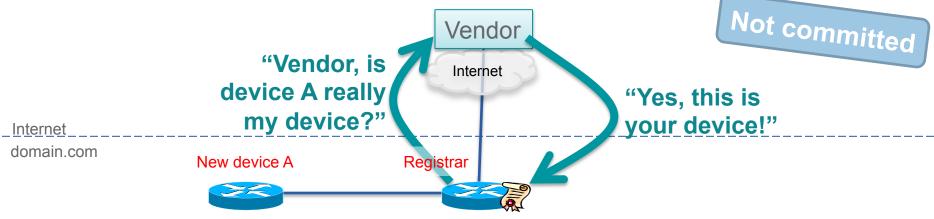


Demo 1: Secure Zero-Touch Bootstrap



- Minimal config on a central node
- Network bootstraps automatically
- AND: securely!

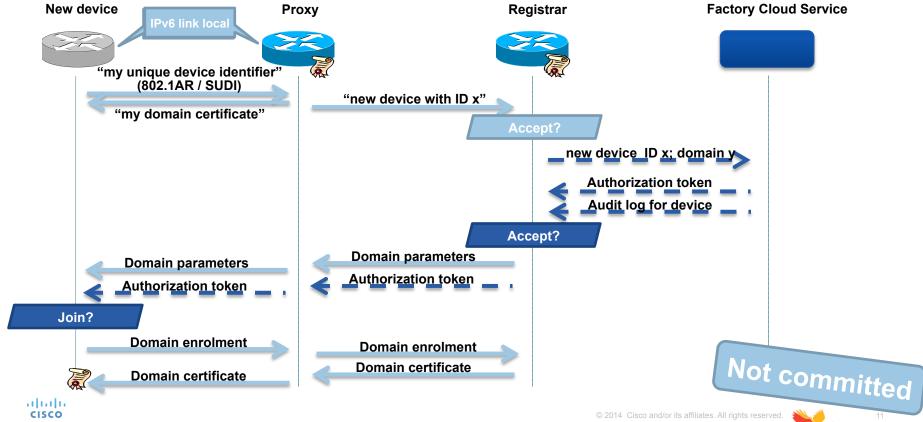
Would you use Cloud based device identification?



- Vendor validates UDI-customer mapping, based on sales records
- Operator can override on registrar → Control remains with operator



Secure Domain Certificate Enrolment

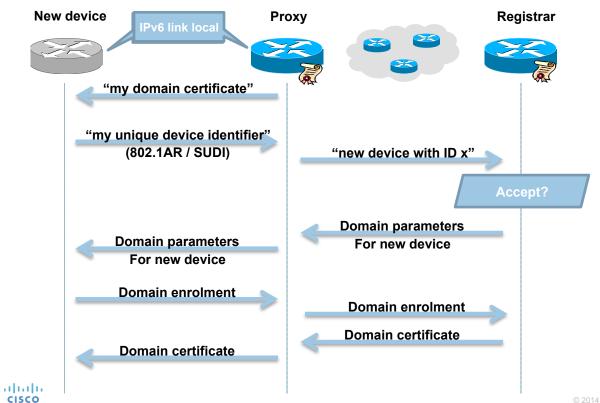


The "Virtual Out Of Band Channel"



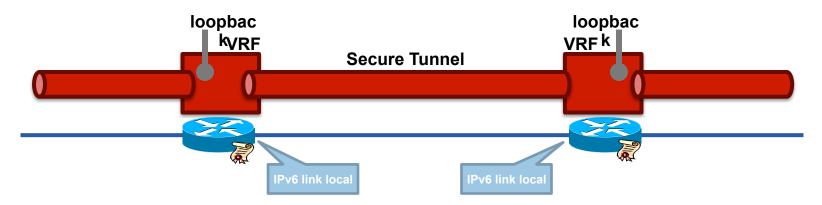


Where Is The Catch?



How do nodes communicate without IP addressing?

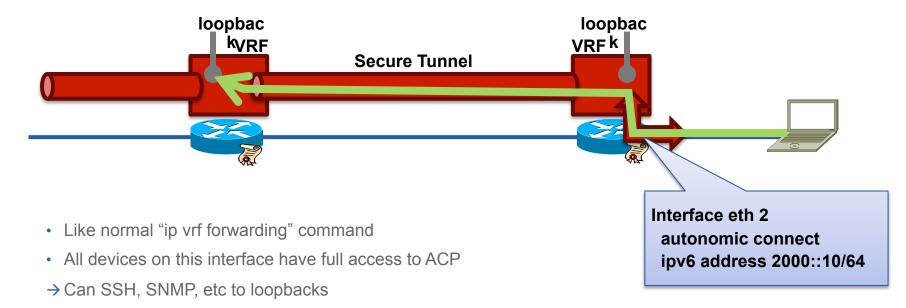
The Autonomic Control Plane



- Self-forming and self-managing
- Follows network topology
- Not dependent on config or routing table*



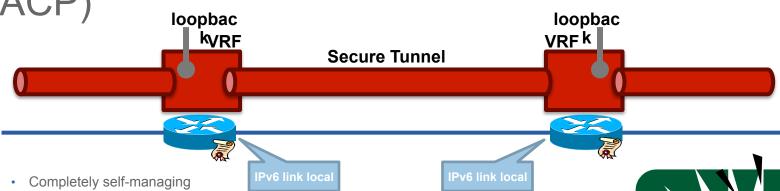
Connecting into the Autonomic Control Plane



Long term: Servers will be autonomic devices



Advantages of the Autonomic Control Plane



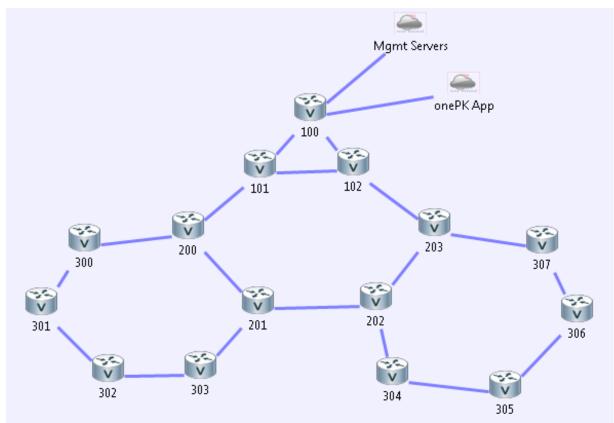
- No config!
- Secure
 - Separate (VPN) and encrypted (e.g., IPsec)
- Independent of Routing
 - Only depends on link local addresses
- Independent of Configuration
 - · Only certificate visible in "sh running"
- Visible



Use as a "Virtual Out-Of-Band Channel"



Demo 2: The Virtual out of Band Channel



Reachability across the network

- Without addressing
- Without routing

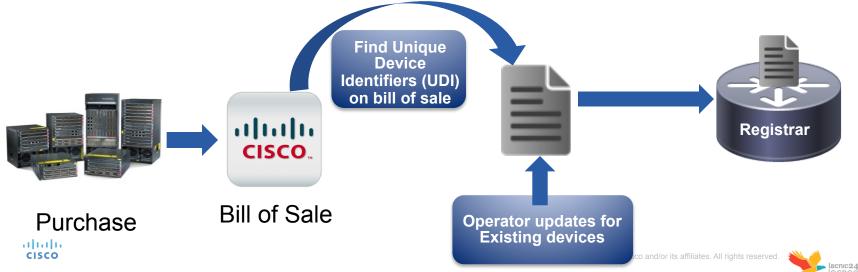
Autonomic Networking Work Flow





Create a Whitelist

- Devices joining the domain must be validated before handing out certificates
- Create a whitelist (text file) of UDIs that are allowed to join
 - Automatically generated by Cisco (from Bill of Sale) for new devices
 - Updated by operator for existing devices
- Load whitelist on the Registrar (manually)



Configure a Registrar

Router#configure terminal
Router(config)#autonomic registrar
Router(config-registrar)#domain-id cisco.com
Router(config-registrar)#whitelist disk:whitelist.txt
Router(config-registrar)#ca url <>

Enter Autonomic Registrar Config mode

Configure domain-id – any name will do

Specify a local whitelist (Optional)

Specify an external CA's url (Optional)

Unshut the Registrar – You're done!

Registrar also can run an IOS CA locally

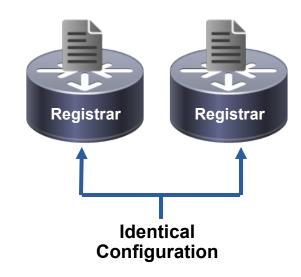
Router(config-registrar)#no shut

If a whitelist is not used
 – a deployment window is the recommended alternative



Registrar Redundancy

- A Registrar in an Autonomic domain:
 - validates new devices (whitelist)
 - Hands out domain certificate
- Registrar down → no new devices can join the autonomic domain!
- Good practice to configure multiple registrars
- Registrars can be distributed no need to be neighbors!





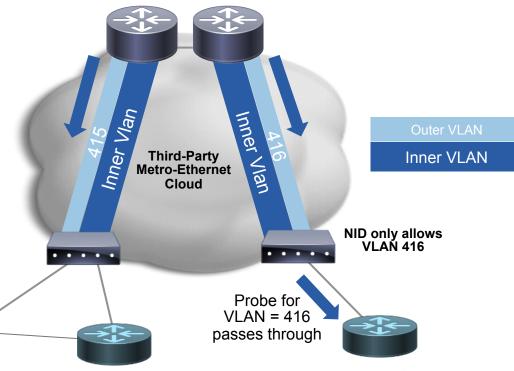
Bring up Remote Sites: Channel Discovery

 Newly installed device is always passive

 Typically, VLAN based E-LINE services - each NID permits one VLAN

 Channel discovery helps discover the allowed VLAN

 ACP is kept separate from Data plane using QinQ service instance with fixed inner vlan = 4094



Restricting VLAN Ranges with Channel Discovery

- Intent configured on registrar
- Flooded through network



Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#autonomic intent

Router(config-intent)#control-plane

Router(config-intent)#vlan outer 400-420

Router(config-intent)#vlan inner 4092

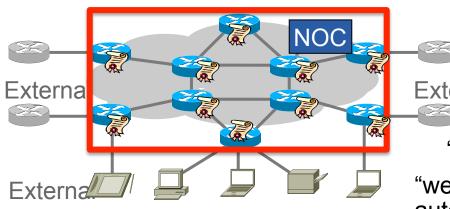


Autonomic Networking Strategy





Possibilities With Domain Certificates



"we can now secure the network automatically"

"bring up OSPF automatically"

"... and PIM-SM!!"

External "we could enable guestnet, if a policy says so"

"each device knows what to do"

"we can find BGP speakers automatically!"

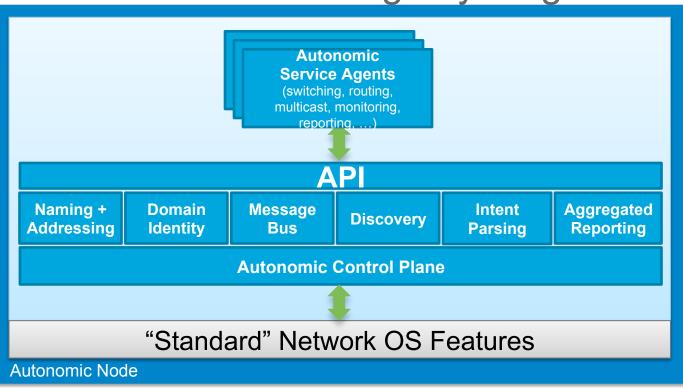
"... and secure the sessions!"

"the admin can detect unauthorised devices" "reporting can be aggregated in the network"





Autonomic Networking Layering Model



Autonomic Networking Infrastructure





Please Support Standardisation!

ANIMA Working Group: http://tools.ietf.org/wg/anima/

Early work

- A Framework for Autonomic Networking http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-behringer-autonomic-network-framework
- Making the Internet Secure by Default http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-behringer-default-secure

NMRG work

- Autonomic Networking: Definitions and Design Goals http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-irtf-nmrg-autonomic-network-definitions
- Gap Analysis for Autonomic Networking https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-irtf-nmrg-an-gap-analysis

Use case drafts: Those are used to derive requirements for the Autonomic Networking Infrastructure

- Autonomic Networking Use Case for Network Bootstrap https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-behringer-autonomic-bootstrap
- Autonomic Network Stable Connectivity https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-eckert-anima-stable-connectivity
- Autonomic Prefix Management in Large-scale Networks https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-jiang-anima-prefix-management

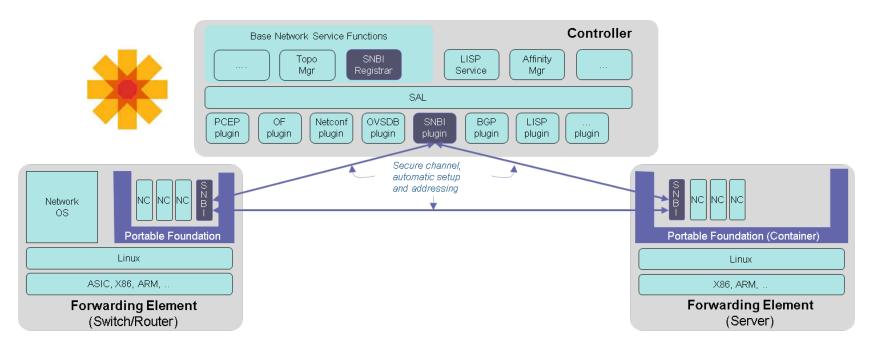
Solution drafts:

- An Autonomic Control Plane https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-behringer-anima-autonomic-control-plane
- Bootstrapping Key Infrastructures http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-pritikin-anima-bootstrapping-keyinfrastructures
- Bootstrapping Trust on a Homenet (this is in homenet, not ANIMA) https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-behringer-homenet-trust-bootstrap
- A Generic Discovery and Neg. Protocol for Autonomic Networking https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-carpenter-anima-gdn-protocol





Please get involved: OpenDayLight: Secure Network Bootstrapping Infrastructure (SNBI)



https://wiki.opendaylight.org/view/SecureNetworkBootstrapping:Main

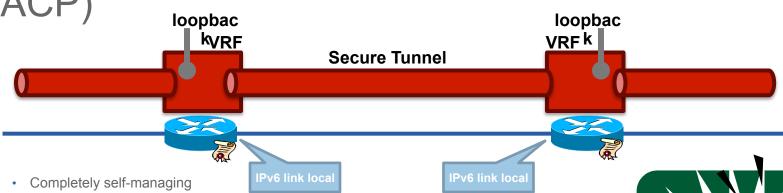


Summary





Advantages of the Autonomic Control Plane



- No config!
- Secure
 - Separate (VPN) and encrypted (e.g., IPsec)
- Independent of Routing
 - Only depends on link local addresses
- Independent of Configuration
 - · Only certificate visible in "sh running"
- Visible

Lots of show commands, debugs, etc.

Use as a "Virtual Out-Of-Band Channel"



Cisco Device Support: SP, Enterprise and IoT

Supported today:

- ASR 901, ASR 901s, ASR 903, ASR 920, ME 3600, ME 3800
- Catalyst 2000, 3000, 4000, NG3k, IE 2000
- Open Source: Secure Network Bootstrap Infrastructure (SNBI; part of OpenDayLight Helium release)

Roadmap

- · ASR 9000
- ASR 1000, CSR 1000, ISR-G2, ISR-4000
- (more to come)



References

- www.cisco.com/go/autonomic/
- IEFT Drafts: See earlier slide
- OpenDayLight Project SNBI: https://wiki.opendaylight.org/view/SecureNetworkBootstrapping:Main
- Autonomic Networking Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15S
 https://www.cisco.com/en/US/partner/docs/ios-xml/ios/auto_net/configuration/15-s/an-auto-net-15-s-book.html
- Cisco IOS Autonomic Networking Command Reference www.cisco.com/en/US/partner/docs/ios-xml/ios/auto_net/command/an-cr-book.html

autonomic-team@cisco.com



CISCO TOMORROW starts here.